BIOZOL
Diagnostica Vertrieb GmbH, Oehleckerring 11-13
22419 Hamburg, Germany
Telephone: +49 (0)89 3799666-6 | **Fax:** +49 (0)89 3799666-99
E-Mail: info@biozol.de

Please note: This document was created automatically and is not a substitute for the manufacturer's original document.

Product Datasheet

Goat anti Mouse Ig lambda light chain (free and bound), Clone: [Polyclonal], Monoclonal
NMB-GAM/BJL(SD+HD)

Article Name	Goat anti Mouse Ig lambda light chain (free and bound), Clone: [Polyclonal], Monoclonal
Biozol Catalog Number	NMB-GAM/BJL(SD+HD)
Supplier Catalog Number	GAM/BJL(SD+HD)
Alternative Catalog Number	NMB-GAM/BJL(SD+HD)
Manufacturer	NordicMubio
Host	Goat
Category	Antikörper
Species Reactivity	Mouse
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Format	Antiserum
Target Specificity	Lambda (Light Chains) - free and bound determinants
Cross-Adsorption (MinX)	no cross-adsorbtion
Product Description	The reactivity of the antiserum is directed to the surface and hidden determinants of Ig lambda light chain. In immunoelectrophoresis this antiserum is reacting with polyclonal and monoclonal immunoglobulins of the lambda type, Bence Jones proteins a...
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone Designation	[Polyclonal]

Buffer	Delipidated, heat inactivated lyophilized whole serum. No preservative added, as it may interfere with the antibody activity It is reconstituted by adding 1 ml sterile distilled water, spun down to remove insoluble particles.
Source	A pool of purified Bence Jones lambda proteins isolated from mouse urine. Freunds complete adjuvant is used in the first step of the immunization procedure.
Formula	Delipidated, heat inactivated lyophilized whole serum. No preservative added, as it may interfere with the antibody activity
Antibody Type	Secondary Antibody
Application Notes	Precipitation assays. In immunoelectrophoresis use 2 µl serum or equivalent against 120 µl antiserum. In double radial immunodiffusion (Ouchterlony) use a rosette arrangement with 10 µl antiserum in 3 mm diameter center well and 2 µl serum samples (neat and serially diluted in 2 mm diameter peripheral wells. When carrying out analyses of Bence Jones proteins or free light chains in urine or serum using an immunodiffusion technique, special attention should be given to their faster rate of diffusion as compared to that of the antibody molecules in the antiserum. If they both start to diffuse into the gel in a double radial diffusion at the same time, an excess of the antigen may easily prevent visible precipitation. To prevent false negative results, the antiserum should be diffuse for about 2 hours before the antigen reservoir is filled.